### Stability and Change on Earth Unit 1 Guide

What's next!	What am I learning?
Unit Goal: Students will understand the ways that human	<ul><li>Essential Questions:</li><li>Why aren't minerals and groundwater</li></ul>
activities affect Earth's systems.	<ul> <li>evenly distributed across the world?</li> <li>How can we predict and prepare for natural disasters?</li> <li>How might we treat resources if we thought about the Earth as a spaceship on an extended survey of the solar system?</li> <li>How can basic chemistry be used to explain the mechanisms that control the global temperature?</li> </ul>
Skills	Helpful Resources
Students will be able to:	<u>NASA's Climate Kids</u> <u>o https://glimatokids.pasa.gov/</u>
<ul> <li>Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes.</li> <li>Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects.</li> <li>Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.</li> <li>Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century.</li> <li>Argue from evidence the necessity of a policy change that affects global warming.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>World Meters         <ul> <li><u>http://www.worldometers.info/</u></li> </ul> </li> <li>A Student's Guide to Global Climate Change         <ul> <li><u>https://www3.epa.gov/climatechange/kids/index.html</u></li> </ul> </li> </ul>

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	<ul> <li>How can we predict and prepare for natural disasters?</li> </ul>
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#### Inheritance and Variation of Traits Unit 3 Guide

What's next!	What am I learning?
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Unit Goal:	Essential Questions:
Students will understand that heredity explains why offspring resemble, but are not identical to, their parents and that it is a unifying biological principle.	<ul> <li>How do organisms grow, develop, and reproduce?</li> <li>How can you develop a model showing reproductive variations?</li> </ul>
Skills	Helpful Resources
<ul> <li>Students will be able to:</li> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.</li> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information.</li> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.</li> <li>Use models such as Punnett squares, diagrams, and simulations to describe the cause-and effect-relationship of gene transmission from parent(s) to offspring and resulting genetic variation.</li> <li>Analyze phenotypes to determine genotypes.</li> <li>Construct an explanation of how the structure of DNA plays a role in reproduction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NJ Model Curriculum - Inheritance and Variation of Traits</li> <li>GENIVERSE Students investigate dragon phenotypes and genotypes, run breeding experiments and solve genetic problems in a virtual lab.</li> <li>DNA TO PROTEIN Explore what DNA is and how proteins are synthesized from the genetic information stored in it.</li> <li>PEARSON - THE BIOLOGY PLACE Bio Coach, Lab Bench and Glossary with interactive resources.</li> </ul>

## Inheritance and Variation of Traits Unit 3 Guide

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Unit Goal:	Essential Questions:
Students will understand that heredity explains why offspring resemble, but are not identical to, their parents and that it is a unifying biological principle.	<ul> <li>How do organisms grow, develop, and reproduce?</li> <li>How can you develop a model showing reproductive variations?</li> </ul>
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<ul> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism.</li> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information.</li> <li>Develop and use a model to describe why sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation.</li> <li>Use models such as Punnett squares, diagrams, and simulations to describe the cause-and effect-relationship of gene transmission from parent(s) to offspring and resulting genetic variation.</li> <li>Analyze phenotypes to determine genotypes.</li> <li>Construct an explanation of how the structure of DNA plays a role in reproduction.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NJ Model Curriculum - Inheritance and Variation of Traits</li> <li>GENIVERSE Students investigate dragon phenotypes and genotypes, run breeding experiments and solve genetic problems in a virtual lab.</li> <li>DNA TO PROTEIN Explore what DNA is and how proteins are synthesized from the genetic information stored in it.</li> <li>PEARSON - THE BIOLOGY PLACE Bio Coach, Lab Bench and Glossary with interactive resources.</li> </ul>

# Selection and Adaptation Unit 5 Guide

What's next! What am I learning?
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Unit Goal:	Essential Questions:
Students will understand how genetic variation drives natural selection and the evolution of a species.	<ul> <li>How does genetic variation among organisms affect survival and reproduction?</li> <li>How does the environment influence populations of organisms over multiple generations?</li> <li>How can you use data to show population changes?</li> <li>How has technology influenced genetics?</li> <li>How can you use data to show trait changes?</li> </ul>
Skills	Helpful Resources
<ul> <li>Students will be able to:</li> <li>Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment</li> <li>Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms.</li> <li>Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time.</li> <li>Evaluate and communicate information to demonstrate understanding of natural selection and adaptation.</li> <li>Model how people selectively breed domesticated plants and animals to produce offspring with preferred characteristics.</li> <li>Identify the adaptations that have allowed humans and other "everyday organisms" to survive by exploring genetic engineering and natural selection in a population.</li> <li>Analyze the patterns of natural selection in a species over several generations.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NJ Model Curriculum - Selection and Adaptation</li> <li>Conflicting Selection Pressures Observe how heredity and natural selection allow a population to adapt to a changing environment.</li> <li>Who Wants to Live a Million Years Interactive Survival Game</li> <li>Evolution 101 Information on patterns and mechanisms of evolution.</li> <li>Wards Origami Frogs Activity Kit</li> <li>CK-12 Free online textbooks, videos, exercises, flashcards, and real world applications.</li> <li>STATED CLEARLY Easy to follow animations.</li> </ul>

## Relationships Among Forms of Energy Unit 6 Guide

What's next!

What am I learning?

Unit Goal:	Essential Questions:
Students will understand different forms of energy and how energy transformations explain phenomena in physical and life science.	<ul> <li>How can physics explain sports?</li> <li>Is it better to have an aluminum (baseball/softball) bat or a wooden bat?</li> <li>What would give you a better chance of winning a bowling match, using a basketball that you can roll really fast, or a bowling ball that you can only roll slowly?</li> <li>How can you design a roller coaster?</li> </ul>
Skills	Helpful Resources
<ul> <li>Students will be able to:</li> <li>Analyze and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object.</li> <li>Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system.</li> <li>Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to, or from, the object.</li> <li>Classify states and forms of energy by identifying and comparing types of energy.</li> <li>Model different amounts of potential energy stored in a system by building catapults.</li> <li>Model different amounts of potential energy stored in a system by manipulating distance between arrangements of objects.</li> <li>Construct and interpret graphical displays of data by describing the relationship of kinetic energy to the mass of an object.</li> <li>Conduct an investigation into the relationship between gravity and mass.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>NJ MODEL CURRICULUM - Relationships among Forms of Energy</li> <li>PHET: Free Interactive Simulations</li> <li>National Energy Education Development Project - Activities that allow students to explore the forms of energy and how they are transformed.</li> </ul>

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